Slim type Photo Sensor

# PY series

#### INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Thank you for purchasing HANYOUNG NUX CO, Ltd. Product. Please check whether the prouduct you purchased is the exactly same as you ordered. Before using product, please read instruction maunal carefully.



#### напуоцпа пих

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### Safety information -

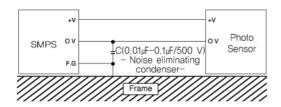
Before you use, read safety precautions carefully, and use this product properly. The precautions described in this manual contains important contents related with safety; therefore, please follow the instructions accordingly. The precautions are composed of DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION.

## / WARNING

- This product is not for outdoor use, (It is the cause of weakening the product durability and possible electric shock,)
- Since this product is not designed with explosion-protective structure, do not use it at any place with flammable or explosive gas.
- · Do not use this product at any place with direct vibration or impact.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- When the lens of the photo sensor is contaminated by foreign substance, use a dry cloth to wipe off the substance. Never use thinner or organic solvents.
- Separate high voltage cable and power line from sensor wire. Be cautious since using a same pipe arrangement for the wire could cause malfunction.
- This product is equipped with a structure (IP67), which allows partial waterproof but do not use this product under water at all times.
- •If the cable needs to be extended, use over 0.3 mm² and be cautious of a possible sudden drop in voltage.
- When using the sensor under the light such as fluorescent lighting or mercury lamp with high frequency, block it with a light trap and avoid the lens from facing the light directly.
- Malfunction can occur due to mutual interference when using the through beam type photo sensor more than 2 pairs, Therefore, leave a plenty of space for the mutual distance length and place the light transmitter section and light receiver section in alternating positions.
- Using inductive load (relay, coil) for the output of power can cause an immediate increase in load by twice and damage the TR of the output of power. Therefore, set up half of the maximum load.
- There is an over-current protection circuit within the output side that breaks
  the output when the current is higher than the regular load current. Use
  within the 70% of the maximum load.
- Refrain from using the product in such locations with heavy dust or foreign substances that can contaminate the lens since there is a chance of malfunction.
- The contents of the instruction manual can be modified without prior notification or advance announcement.
- When using the product with the methods other than those established by the manufacturer, injury or loss in assets can occur,
- When using the Switching Power Supply as the power source, earth the Frame Ground (F.G) terminal and be sure to connect the noise-eliminating condenser between OV and F.G.



\*\* Please keep the contents mentioned above as cautions for safety since they can cause the product to breakdown.

### Suffix code -

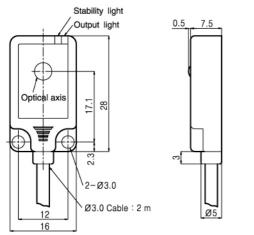
MODEL	Suffix Code		le	Description	
PY-				Slim type Photo Sensor	
Detection	Т			Through beam	
Range 3				3 m	
Output			Ν		NPN Open Collector Output
Output			Р		PNP Open Collector Output
Operation			D	Dark ON Operation	
Operation				L	Light ON Operation

### Specification

MODEL	NPN	PY-T3N-D	PY-T3N-L			
	PNP	PY-T3P-D	PY-T3P-L			
Sensing method		Through - beam				
Sensing distance		3 m				
Sensing object		min object (over 5 mm then opaque object)				
Power voltage		12 - 24 V d.c ± 10 % (Max, ripple 10%)				
Current consumption		Emitter: 23 mA, Receiver: less than 18 mA (with 24V d.c)				
	Control	NPN/PNP open collector output max 100 mA (30V d.c)				
Output	Stable	NPN open collector output less than 50 $\rm mA$ (30 V d,c) (but				
	Otable	there is no stable output in the PNP output type)				
Output	action	Dark ON)	Light ON)			
Response time		max, 1 ms				
Hysteresis		within 10% of the sensing distance				
Light source (wave length)		Infrared lightening diode LED (890 nm)				
LE	-D	Emitter : red LED (power indication)				
220		Receiver : red LED control output, green LED : stable output				
Protective circuit		Power reverse connection protecting circuit and output break				
		protecting circuit (exclude the stable output)				
Ambient illumination		Sunlight: max 11000 lx, Incandescent lamp: max 3000 lx				
Ambient temperature		-25 $\sim$ 55 °C (Surrounding storage temperature : -25 $\sim$ 70 °C)				
Ambient humidity		35 $\sim$ 85 % R.H. (with no condensation)				
Protective structure		IP 67				
Insulation resistance		min. 20Mohm, (500V d.c between the code and case)				
Dielectric strength		1,000 V a.c (50/60 Hz for 1 min)				
Vibration resistance		$10-55\ \mbox{Hz},$ double amplitude : 1.5mm for 2 hours in X, Y and Z direction				
Shock resistance		500 %, 3 times each in X, Y and Z directions				
Connection method		$\label{eq:emitter:2P}                                    $				
Mate	erial	Case: PC, Lens: PC				
Weight		approx. 66g				

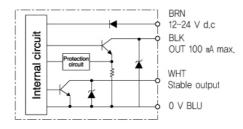
#### Dimension

[Unit: mm]

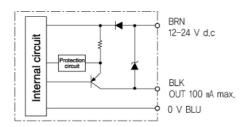


### Output circuit

#### NPN open collector output



### PNP open collector output



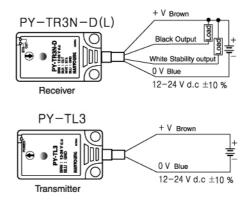
### Operation chart-

Operation mode	Output method	Receiver light Stability level Operation   120 % Operation level   100 %
Light ON	Control output	ON OFF
	Stable output	ON OFF
Dark ON	Control output	ON OFF
	Stable output	ON OFF

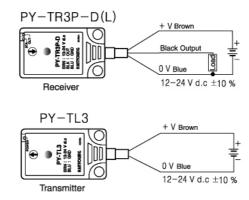
(Cautious) The stability output is used for checking convulsion changes after setting the distance or level drop during it usage at the initial stage. If the amount of light exceeds the operation level of 120% (stable level) or get distant from the standard detection distance, the control output of power will recognize it as an OFF state and generate the power. However the PY-T3P-D/ type has the stability indication function only and not the stability output of power

### Connection diagram

#### NPN open collector output



### PNP open collector output



#### LED (indicator)

- Operation LED (red LED) and stability LED (green LED) indicate the level of the picture
- Setting within the stable area will provide the high reliability regarding the change of a light amount even after setting up.

